This manual provides a short guidance for using the BIOPAC MP150 physiological monitoring system and its accompanied software Acknowledge during an MRI acquisition. For additional information, visit the BIOPAC online manuals at http://www.biopac.com/. The catalog names of the products in the ENU are provided in this manual.

General:

1. Usage of BIOPAC system should be included in the researcher’s Helsinki approval.
2. Before using the BIOPAC system a short training should be coordinated with the units’ peripheral equipment responsible – Assaf (email: assaf.yohalashet@mail.huji.ac.il).
3. The researcher is responsible to operate the system in accordance with safety guidelines and return the equipment clean and organized at the end of the experiment.
4. The researcher should save all BIOPAC files to an external storage device.

Safety Guidelines

The MR-compatible cables and lead wires can cause subject heating or burn if not used properly.

To minimize the risk of RF current burns:
- Do not coil or twist leads, simply run parallel to the subject and the bore, up to the point of subject attachment, where the leads make a right angle to be attached to the point of interest. Looped, braided or twisted leads pick up RF energy, resulting in current induction and increased localized heating.
- Keep the length of lead wires within the scanner bore to a minimum.
- Wires should be shielded.

Never use custom wire or leads that are not MRI safe!
BIOPAC MP150 modules installed in ENU:

1. **EDA100C (GSR) module**
   Measurement of skin conductance level as it varies with sweat gland activity due to stress, arousal or emotional state.

2. **RSP100C module**
   Measurement of respiratory effort via chest expansion.

3. **Oxy-MRI-SpO2 module (Pulse Ox)**
   Measurement of heart rate and oxygen saturation in the blood. The Pulse Ox is a separate device (*Nonin Medical*) and is connected to the BIOPAC MP150 system via a **HLT100C** unit. The Pulse Ox is located in a different shelf on the equipment shelf than the central component of the BIOPAC system.

4. **ECG100C module**
   Measurement of electrical activity of the heart (ECG).

BIOPAC MP150 setup:

1. BIOPAC system is located on the equipment shelf in the control room.
2. BIOPAC software, **Acknowledge 4.4**, is installed on the Backup-PC computer (Assaf’s computer).
3. The modules: EDA100C (GSR), RSP and ECG have electrical cables that enter the magnet room via RF-filters mounted on the penetration panel (see figure 1B, in red). The Pulse Ox module enters the magnet room via an optic cable through a waveguide.
4. The system receives external trigger from the magnet through the response box in order to start the collection of physiological data (number 1 in figure 1B).

The system can receive the stimuli from the experimental computer (Exp-PC) as a binary code by setting the correct output in the experiment software (i.e E-Prime, presentation). The connection of Exp-PC to MP150 is done via a dedicated unit - called STP100C with 8 digital channels using a LPT cable.

5. Image and schematic setup of the system are shown in Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

**Figure 1.** BIOPAC MP150 System

(A) front panel (and (B) rare panel
Figure 2. (A) Setup of the BIOPAC MP150 system in the unit and (B) zoom into the different module amplifiers.

Cables, transducers and leads:
**Transducer Cable – RF panel to patient**

The Transducer cable (see figure 3) is suitable to use inside the MRI chamber room. It supports one to five subject or transducer electrical connections and is 8 meters long. The cable incorporates a plastic housed DSUB9 Male connector to panel mount with the chamber room exposed female connector of the MRI filter.

![Figure 3. Transducer Cable in MRI Room](image)

**Transducer Cable – Biopac to RF panel**

This is a transducer cable suitable to use inside the MRI control room (see figure 4). It supports one to five subject electrical connections and is 2 meters long. The cable incorporates a plastic housed DSUB9 Male connector to panel mount with the control room exposed DSUB9 female connector of the MRI filter. This cable connects directly to any of the following transducer amplifiers: ECG100C-MRI, EDA100C, RSP100C-MRI.

![Figure 4. Transducer Cable in control room](image)

**Preparing for an experiment:**

1. Open the BIOPAC MP150 unit

   The power button is on the front panel of the device. Note: it will take about a minute for the computer to recognize that the device is on.

2. Open Acknowledge software in Backup-PC

   Once the MP150 unit is on a message will be shown on the desktop of the Backup-PC. Click on the “Template.acq” file at C:/Biopac data-Main Template to open the software. Note: You can also open any Acknowledge file or create a new one of your own. "Template.acq" has all the required channels
and settings so you don’t have to do any configuration to get started. Simply open the file and click “Start” and then a window will open.

3. Setup the modules on your subject:

**A. Respiration belt (RSP100C module) (Figure 5):** Before laying your subject on the bed, place the respiration sensor over his diaphragm and secure it using the belt. NOTE: The sensor and belt can be placed over the subject’s clothes, though it is advised to remove any jackets or sweaters. If they complain about the room being cold, we have plenty of blankets. You can verify that you have a clear signal via the Acknowledge software, see below.

![Respirator Belt](image)

**Figure 5. Respirator Belt**

**B. Pulse Oximeter (Pulse Ox module):** Once your subject is lying on the bed and positioned correctly, place the pulse oximeter on his index finger (Figure. 6). It can work on any finger, but the index finger is the easiest to place and most comfortable for the subject. Ensure the pulse oximeter on the finger with Velcro attachment strap.

![Pulse oximeter](image)

**Figure 6. Pulse oximeter**
Go back into the control room and turn on the Nonin pulse oximeter (Figure 7). Verify that clear oxygenation & pulse signals are shown on the Nonin Display.

**Figure 7. Nonin Pulse oximeter**

**C. Skin Conductance (EDA100C (GSR) module):**
Remove the EDA cable from the wall mount inside the magnet room and extend it near the patient table. Connect the EDA transducer: place the transducer on the tip of two fingers and tighten the Velcro strap (Figure 8).

To minimize motion artifacts, place the sensor on a hand that will remain mostly still. Check the tension level. If the strap is too tight, blood flow may be constricted, resulting in a flat signal. If the strap is too loose, ambient light could enter the sensor, resulting in a noisy waveform. You can verify that you have a clear signal via the Acknowledge software, see below.

**Figure 8. Attaching the EDA Transducer**

**D. ECG Measurement (ECG100C module)**
Remove the ECG cable from the wall mount inside the magnet room and extend it near the patient table. Connect the ECG transducer by plugging in the three colors (see Figure 9) to the socket end of the cable.

- **GREEN Lead** ☑ Shield
- **White Lead** ☑ VIN (-)
- **Black Lead** ☑ GND
- **Red lead** ☑ VIN (+)
- **Brown** ☑ Shield

**Figure 9. ECG cable connect**
Place the transducer’s positive and negative leads on the hands of the subject and the transducer's grounding on the upper part of the chest (see Figure 10).

**Figure 10. Attaching the ECG Transducer**

After you finished to setup all the modules, verify that you receive clear and appropriate signals from each channel in the Acknowledge software. An illustration of expected signals is shown in the next section.

**Recording with Acknowledge**

This section goes over the basic information you need to know about the software.

1. **To start recording:** recording starts only after the "start" button is pressed on the Acknowledge screen. To start the recording with the MRI's trigger, you need to choose the option of “trigger external”. Go to MP150 > Set up Data Acquisition> Analog> Trigger> External. Then press the "start" button. Recording of data will start with the first EPI trigger.

2. If everything is connected properly and the sensors are placed correctly, then the signals should be easily visible and distinguishable. The measurement units are (see also figure 11): EDA (microSiemens per second), ECG (mV per second), RSP (Volts per second) HLT->Oxy Spo2 (mmHg) and heart rate (BPM).

3. After the experiment ends, press the "stop" button to stop the recording. Recording will not stop automatically, even in trigger external mode, unless you press "stop".

4. **EXPORT OF the data:** Go to FILE > SAVE AS and enter a filename. IMPORTANT: do not save your data on the computer, use a disc on key. Files left on the computer may be erased from time to time. There are several possible types of files you can save as: text, mat, etc.
TIP: Typically users only record data during sequences and stop recording in between while they either talk to subjects or set up the next scan. It’s entirely up to you how you want to record but in most cases it is easier to analyze and store data that is divided according to sequences rather than one long recording of your entire session.